

IN BRIEF

Vodafone Idea to raise ₹500 cr; board to meet tomorrow

The board of Vodafone Idea (Vi) will meet on Wednesday to consider a plan for infusion of ₹500 crore by Vodafone Group Plc. The infusion, the second in two months, comes ahead of the 5G spectrum auction that will see Indian telecom companies battle for airwaves in multiple bands. In a stock exchange notification, Vi said the board would meet on Wednesday to consider the proposal for raising funds aggregating up to ₹500 crore via issue of equity shares or convertible warrants on a preferential basis to Vodafone group entities. In March, Vi approved a ₹4,500-crore fund raise with two promoters pitching in with capital. While Vodafone Group has invested around ₹3,375 crore, the Aditya Birla group put in ₹1,125 crore.

DGCA asks airports to minimise hazards from wildlife

The Directorate General of Civil Aviation has asked all airports in the country to strictly follow guidelines pertaining to wildlife hazard management to ensure aircraft operational safety. The aviation regulator said that during the monsoon season birds and animals' activity increases in and around airports and their movement in the aerodrome vicinity poses a serious threat to aircraft operational safety. "All airports are requested to review their wildlife hazard management plan for any gap and ensure strict implementation of strategies for wildlife hazard management within and also outside the airfield," the DGCA said in its advisory to airports.

Tata Steel buys Russian coal weeks after vowing to cut ties

India's top steelmaker, Tata Steel, imported about 75,000 tonnes of coal from Russia in the second half of May, two trade sources and one government source said, weeks after pledging to stop doing business with Russia. Tata Steel had said in April all its manufacturing sites in India, the UK and The Netherlands had sourced alternative supplies of raw materials to end its dependence on Russia, adding it was taking "a conscious decision to stop doing business with Russia."

Millions shopped during end of season event, says Flipkart

Walmart-owned Flipkart said on Monday that millions of customers shopped for fashion, accessories and lifestyle products during the e-commerce firm's end of season sale (EOSS) which has just concluded. The firm said this has pushed forward the economic growth for lakhs of sellers. However, the company didn't reveal the exact number of customers that shopped on its platform or the number of fashion products that got sold during EOSS. "We saw a resurgence in consumption and a drastic increase in engagement post the pandemic," said Abhishek Maloo, senior director, Flipkart Fashion.

50% of Ford's Chennai employees agree to restart work: Official

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300 aircraft for \$40.5 bn: Air India preps for record deal

SIDDHARTH PHILIP & ANURAG KOTOKY

Air India is considering ordering as many as 300 narrowbody jets, according to people familiar with the matter, in what could be one of the largest orders in commercial aviation history as the formerly state-run airline looks to overhaul its fleet under new ownership.



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The carrier may order Airbus SE's A320neo family jets or Boeing's 737 Max models, or a mix of both, the people said, asking not to be identified because the discussions are confidential. A deal for 300 737 Max-10 jets could be worth \$40.5 billion at sticker prices, although discounts are common in such large purchases.

Winning a narrowbody order would be a coup for Boeing, as rival Airbus dominates the skies in India, the world's fastest-growing aviation

market before the Covid-19 pandemic. IndiGo is the world's largest customer for the European manufacturer's best-selling narrowbodies, ordering more than 700, and others including Vistara, Go Airlines India and AirAsia

India fly planes from the same family. Production and delivery of 300 planes would likely take years or even more than a decade. Airbus builds about 50 narrowbody jets in a month, with plans to increase that to 65 by the

middle of 2023, and 75 by 2025. Representatives for Air India and Boeing declined to comment. An Airbus representative said the company is always in contact with existing and potential customers, but any discussions are confidential.

"This order presumably involves new methods of financing to play out in the right manner, including factoring in macroeconomic trends -- notably the fluctuating rupee and rising inflation," said Satendra Pandey, managing partner of aviation advisory firm AT-TV.

"Some airlines have placed voluminous orders only to find that they are unable to line up financing at favorable terms. While it is not an outcome that one envisions and certainly not with a group such as the Tatas, nevertheless it has to be planned for." Air India's owner Tata Group is also

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Sterlite's Thoothukudi copper unit put on sale

Exploring options to ensure plant and assets are best utilised, says company

SHINE JACOB
Chennai, 20 June

Putting an end to its efforts of reopening the Sterlite Copper unit in Thoothukudi, Tamil Nadu, Anil Agarwal-led Vedanta has decided to sell it and has invited expression of interest (Eoi) from interested parties.

Through a newspaper advertisement published on Monday, the company has invited "financially competent" players to submit Eois by July 4. The bid was invited in conjunction with Axis Capital. "The Tuticorin plant is a national asset which has been catering to 40 per cent of our national demand for copper and has played an integral role towards India's self-sufficiency in copper. In the best interest of the country and the people of Tamil Nadu, we are exploring options to make sure that the plant and the assets are best utilised to meet growing demand of the nation," said a Vedanta spokesperson.

Sterlite Copper had stopped production at the smelter and refining complex in 2018, after protests broke out against the company's plan to expand its capacity from 400,000 tonnes to 800,000 tonnes led to police firing that killed around 13 people and left around 102 people injured.

Since the firing in May 2018 the unit remained closed following an order issued by the Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board (TNPCB).

Local community

The local fishing community in Thoothukudi, however, has called for the shifting of the plant from the area, instead of selling it to someone else. "We see it as a ploy to bring in some other player and restart the operations in another form. We want complete replacement of the unit and not any sale," said Maria Rajabose Reegan, coordinator, Country Boat Fisherman Association, Thoothukudi.

The Vedanta group has faced similar protests elsewhere too. Its copper subsidiary Konkola Copper Mines (KCM) faced resistance in the Zambian copper belt, where locals protested against its mines and smelters. In 2013, tribal communities in Odisha had turned down a proposal from Vedanta Aluminium to mine the



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Niyamgiri hills for bauxite. In Goa, too, the company had faced public ire, leading to the stoppage of iron ore mining.

Economic impact

India, which used to be an exporter of copper before the Sterlite unit was shut down, has become a net importer now. The plant used to produce approximately 40 per cent of India's copper demand and contributed around ₹2,500 crore to the exchequer, 12 per cent of the Thoothukudi port's revenue, and 95 per cent market share of sulphuric acid in Tamil Nadu, the company's advertise-

ment said on Monday. It used to directly employ around 5,000 people and another 25,000 indirectly.

India's copper exports fell from 419 KT (thousand tonnes) in financial year 2017-18 (FY18) to 87 KT in FY22 and imports rose from 215 KT in FY18 to 241 KT in FY22. The country incurred forex outflow of \$1.2 billion in FY22 on account of copper imports. With a projected annual demand of around 1.1 million tonnes, India is looking at a further outflow of forex as copper's price on the London Metal Exchange (LME) breached \$9,000 per MT last year.

Favourable yen movement to drive Maruti's margins

SHALY SETH MOHILE
Mumbai, 20 June

The recent currency volatility — rupee's depreciation against international currencies — may have given heartburns to automakers that rely on imports or pay royalty to parent companies abroad.

But for Maruti Suzuki India, favourable movement of the yen — the currency that matters the most — against the Indian rupee, has given it reasons to cheer.

The yen's sharp fall against the rupee and the rupee's depreciation against the US dollar, which in turn will bump up export realisations, are set to give a margin boost to the maker of Baleno and Brezza, said analysts.

The softening of commodity prices and slew of new SUV launches in the coming months will also aid margins, they said. Year-to-date, the yen has depreciated 11 per cent against the rupee, the sharpest among all international currencies. The local arm of the Japanese car maker imports parts and raw materials (directly and through suppliers) in yen.

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In FY22, Maruti's net sales was ₹88,300 crore. The company also pays a small portion of the royalty in yen to the Japanese parent (major chunk of royalty is rupee denominated). It earns export revenue in dollars and euro. The cur-

rency mix is set to work in favour of the car market leader and may lead to further earning upgrades. "Quarter-on-quarter, we expect around 70-80 basis points (bps) positive impact on the company's margins due to the currency movement," said Mitul Shah, head of research, Reliance Securities.

Of this, 40 bps benefits will come on account of royalty payment in yen and import content from Japan, also in yen. The remaining 40 bps will come from exports as the dollar has strengthened against the rupee, he added.

Maruti's net sales for the current year are estimated to be ₹1.08 trillion (based on the average of five brokerages).

An 80-basis points benefit on forecasted net sales translates into a pre-tax benefit of ₹863 crore for the company.

Others analysts, too, are pricing in the favourable currency movement in their earnings estimates. "The recent decline in commodity prices and favourable yen-rupee movement can add ₹180 bps to margins," said Jinesh Gandhi, analyst at Motilal Oswal, in a recent research report.

Meanwhile, a steady increase in exports has given the company a natural hedge against imports. In 2021-22, Maruti exported a record 328,000 cars. The momentum has continued. In the first two months of the current year, it has shipped 45,604 units against 28,499 units in the corresponding period last year.

READY, STEADY, GO

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Ason Jun 17			
CMP/Close	7,688.20	24,694.90	51,360.40
Chg % 1M	1.6	-0.8	-5.5
Chg % MTD	-3.5	-6.6	-7.6
Chg % YTD	3.5	-0.5	-11.8



Govt extends telecom PLI scheme by one year

ANEESH PHADNIS
Mumbai, 20 June

The government has extended the productivity-linked incentive scheme for the telecom industry by another year and has expanded its scope to cover design-led manufacturing. The Centre will provide additional incentives of over ₹4,000 crore under the amended scheme.

The Department of Telecommunications said the decision to amend the scheme was taken following consultation with stakeholders who had complained of stiff incremental and production targets for the first year 2021-22.

The department had notified the PLI scheme last February with an allocation of

₹12,195 crore. Thirty-one companies were selected under the scheme last October.

The policy has also been amended with the aim of building a strong ecosystem for 5G. "The scheme is open to both MSME and non-MSME companies, including domestic and global companies. The applications from design-led manufacturers shall be prioritised over other manufacturers while shortlisting. Design led manufacturing is primarily aimed to support efforts for designing telecom products in India. It will recognise and encourage R&D-driven manufacturing to enhance its contribution to the global value chain," the government said in a press release.

SURAJEET DAS GUPTA
New Delhi, 20 June

Packaging company UFlex is setting up a plant with technology from the Netherlands to manufacture six billion paper straws annually to cater to the demand of the entire domestic fast-moving consumer goods (FMCG) industry, which uses them for its aseptic packs (tetrapacks) for juice, milk, coffee, etc.

If all goes well, the paper straws will start rolling off the assembly line in September thanks to equipment supplied by Dutch company Tembo Paper.

The investment tag in the first phase will be over ₹100 crore. This is good news for FMCG companies such as Parle Agro, Amul and Dabur who are short of imported paper straws due to huge demand globally to replace plastic with paper straws.

In India too, the government has banned the use of

SIP BY SIP

- Despite the need for six billion straws annually, no Indian manufacturer makes them
- In the UFlex project, the investment in the first phase will be over ₹100 crore and the straws could start rolling out as early as September
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huge demand globally for replacing plastic with paper straws

■ Demand peaks between February and June when juices, milk, and chaas sales are at peak and the industry needs 3.5 to 4-mn straws

■ UFlex will import paper from Europe, Japan, South Korea, and Indonesia initially but plans to manufacture the paper indigenously later



plastic straws from July 1. Despite the need for six billion straws annually, no Indian manufacturer makes them.

Aswani Kumar Sharma, president and CEO of the aseptic liquid packaging business at UFlex, said the company had anticipated the demand some years ago.

"We decided to go for the best technology available

which is with Tembo Paper which will supply the machines and the technology support. The first phase of the plant should get rolling by September when we will start with 100 million paper straws a month," said Sharma.

Each machine can manufacture 50 million paper straws annually.

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June when juices, milk, and chaas sales are at their peak. In this period, the industry needs 3.5 to 4 million straws.

"We are confident of reaching that level of production by that time with more machines coming in and building production capacity to cater to the entire industry," said Sharma.

The two key ingredients in making paper straws are spe-

cialised paper which accounts for the bulk of the cost and high quality food grade adhesives. UFlex will import paper from Europe, Japan, Korea, and Indonesia initially but plans to manufacture the paper indigenously later or source it from Indian paper mills.

Talks are already on with paper mill companies on how to provide them with the necessary expertise to manufacture the special paper.

"We should finalise agreements with some mills by December. Our plan is that in February-June next year, we should get 40 per cent of our requirement from Indian paper mills. But that would depend on the quality of the paper they make as it is crucial for it to be food grade," said Sharma.

Paper straws cost five

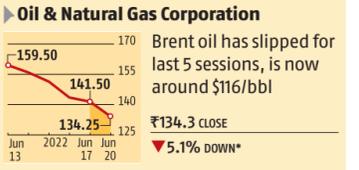
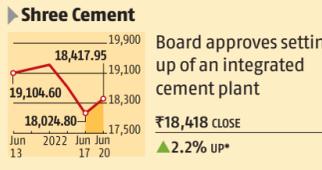
times more than plastic but the gap is expected to reduce once they are manufactured in India and even more when they are made with locally made paper.

In the second phase, UFlex will expand the capacity and leverage the export market.

After all, the bulk of paper straws is made in China, Europe and Indonesia and some say that Chinese straws are not rigorously tested for quality.

UFlex has some other advantages. While Tetrapack is the king of aseptic liquid packaging, the former already has a 30 per cent share of the market and provides aseptic packaging to most FMCG companies.

UFlex could clearly leverage this strength to offer integrated straws (paper straws attached to the aseptic pack) to its customers.



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SIP BY SIP

- **Despite the need for six billion straws annually**, no Indian manufacturer makes them
- **In the UFlex project**, the investment in the first phase will be over ₹100 crore and the straws could start rolling out as early as September
- **It is good news for FMCG companies such as Parle Agro, Amul and Dabur**, who are short of imported paper straws due to

huge demand globally for replacing plastic with paper straws

■ **Demand peaks between February and June when juices, milk, and chaas sales are at peak** and the industry needs 3.5 to 4-mn straws

■ **UFlex will import paper from Europe, Japan, South Korea, and Indonesia initially** but plans to manufacture the paper indigenously later



plastic straws from July 1. Despite the need for six billion straws annually, no Indian manufacturer makes them.

Aswani Kumar Sharma, president and CEO of the aseptic liquid packaging business at UFlex, said the company had anticipated the demand some years ago. "We decided to go for the best technology available

which is with Tembo Paper which will supply the machines and the technology support. The first phase of the plant should get rolling by September when we will start with 100 million paper straws a month," said Sharma.

Each machine can manufacture 50 million paper straws annually. Sharma says demand peaks between February and

June when juices, milk, and chaas sales are at their peak. In this period, the industry needs 3.5 to 4 million straws.

"We are confident of reaching that level of production by that time with more machines coming in and building production capacity to cater to the entire industry," said Sharma.

The two key ingredients in making paper straws are spe-

A straw in the wind from UFlex set to benefit FMCGs

cialised paper which accounts for the bulk of the cost and high quality food grade adhesives. UFlex will import paper from Europe, Japan, Korea, and Indonesia initially but plans to manufacture the paper indigenously later or source it from Indian paper mills.

Talks are already on with paper mill companies on how to provide them with the necessary expertise to manufacture the special paper.

"We should finalise agreements with some mills by December. Our plan is that in February-June next year, we should get 40 per cent of our requirement from Indian paper mills. But that would depend on the quality of the paper they make as it is crucial for it to be food grade," said Sharma.

Paper straws cost five

times more than plastic but the gap is expected to reduce once they are manufactured in India and even more when they are made with locally made paper.

In the second phase, UFlex will expand the capacity and leverage the export market.

After all, the bulk of paper straws is made in China, Europe and Indonesia and some say that Chinese straws are not rigorously tested for quality.

UFlex has some other advantages. While Tetrapack is the king of aseptic liquid packaging, the former already has a 30 per cent share of the market and provides aseptic packaging to most FMCG companies.

UFlex could clearly leverage this strength to offer integrated straws (paper straws attached to the aseptic pack) to its customers.